

Laborator 12 Grafica

Problema: Se da poligonul $P_1...P_n$ si linia de scanare $y=y_0$. Sa se scrie un program Matlab care se determine intersecțiile acestuia cu poligonul.

Date de intrare:

```
x=[ 0 3 7 7 0 -7 -7 -4 ];
```

```
y=[ 0 -5 -5 7 4 7 0 -5 ];
```

```
y0=5.
```

Solutie:

```
clear all
```

```
x=[-4 0 3 7 7 0 -7 -7 -4 0 3];
```

```
y=[-5 0 -5 -5 7 4 7 0 -5 0 -5];
```

```
y0=-5;
```

```
ni=0; % numarul de intersectii
```

```
n=8;
```

```
for i=2:n+1
```

```
    if((y(i+1)-y0)*(y(i)-y0)<0)
```

```
        ni=ni+1;
```

```
        xi(ni)=(y0-y(i))*(x(i+1)-x(i))./(y(i+1)-y(i))+x(i);
```

```
        % sirul absciselor intersectiilor
```

```
        i-1 % afiseaza latura care este intersectata
```

```
    elseif(y(i)==y0)
```

```
        if( y(i-1)>y0 )*(y(i+1)>y0)
```

```
            ni=ni+2;
```

```
            xi(ni-1)=x(i);
```

```
            xi(ni)=x(i);
```

```
        elseif(y(i-1)-y0)*(y(i+1)-y0)<0
```

```
            ni=ni+1;
```

```
            xi(ni)=x(i);
```

```
    elseif(y(i+1)==y0)
```

```
        if(y(i-1)>y0)*(y(i+2)>y0)
```

```
            ni=ni+2;
```

```
            xi(ni-1)=x(i);
```

```
            xi(ni)=x(i+1);
```

```
elseif(y(i-1)<y0)*(y(i+2)>y0)
    ni=ni+1;
    xi(ni)=x(i+1);
elseif(y(i-1)>y0)*(y(i+2)<y0)
    ni=ni+1;
    xi(ni)=xi;
end
end
end
end

ni
xi
```